

Southeast Community Plan Planning Team

Meeting #3 Monday , June 3, 2019 Southside Lions Community Center 5:30 PM





Cambridge Systematics, Inc Bowtie Economic & Planning Systems, Inc Auxiliary Marketing Service Mosaic Planning and Development Service

Introductions

- Shepard Beamon, Project Manager City of San Antonio
- Jay Renkens, Principal MIG, Inc.
- Krystin Ramirez, Senior Project Associate MIG, Inc.
- Matt Prosser, Co-Project Manager Economic & Planning Systems







Meeting Objectives

- 1. Review and Confirm Vision and Goals
- 2. Focus Areas and Corridors Discussion/Activity
- 3. Introduction to Land Use and Zoning







Sub-Area Planning Project Phases

Analysis & Visioning
Existing conditions; existing plans review; vision and goals; focus areas and corridors; Community Meeting #1

Early 2019

Plan Framework
Develop plan eleme

Develop plan elements; focus areas and key corridors; transformative projects; Community Meeting #2

Mid 2019-Early 2020

Recomm Action and Communit

Recommendations & Implementation
Action and phasing strategies; draft Plan elements;
Community Meeting #3

Late 2019-Early 2020

4

Documentation & Adoption

Public Hearings, adoption, final summary and ePlan

Early-Mid 2020

Planning Team Meetings in 2019

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Meeting #1: Kick-Off and Orientation; Sub-Area Plan Overview
  Meeting #2: Preliminary Identification of Opportunities of Challenges; Preliminary
  Visioning
☐ Meeting #3: Confirm Vision and Goals; Focus Areas and Corridors
☐ Meeting #4: Land Use (1 of 2)
☐ Meeting #5: Land Use (2 of 2)
☐ Meeting #6: Housing and Economic Development Strategies (1 of 2)
☐ Meeting #7: Housing and Economic Development Strategies (2 of 2)
☐ Meeting #8: Mobility
■ Meeting #9: Mobility
■ Meeting #10: Infrastructure and Amenities
☐ Meeting #11: Transformative Projects; Design Character
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TOMORROW What we've heard:

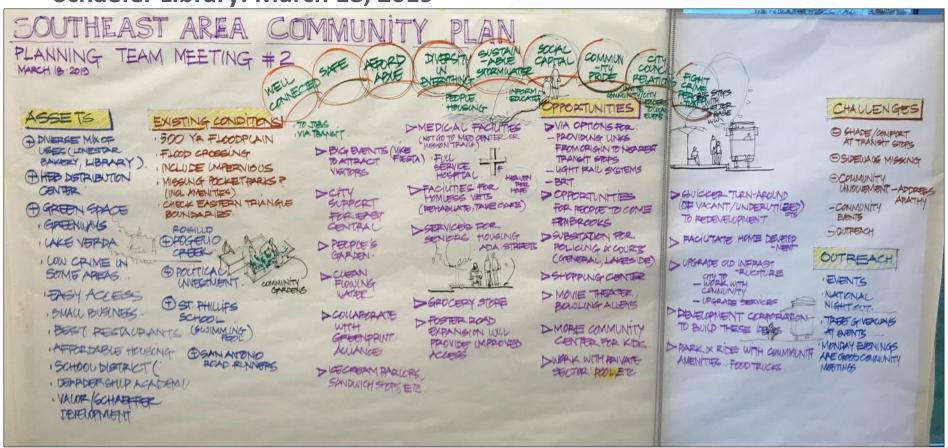
- Last planning team meeting
- Second community meeting





Planning Team Meeting #2

Schaefer Library: March 18, 2019



Second Community Meeting

Southside Lions Senior Center: May 6, 2019

- 30 attendees
- 5 interactive stations
 - Place Types
 - Community Priorities
 - Health & Fitness
 - Drainage Management
 - Sidewalk & Crossings Improvements
 - Neighborhood Profiles & Priorities
 - Potential Focus Areas
 - Draft Vision and Goals













Vision + Goals

Community Meeting #2 Recommendations

Important and should be kept:

- **Goal 7:** (Safety) We have a drug and stolen car issue. People dropping off animals on the lakeside of Southside Lions.
- Goal 3: (Neighborhoods) "Protect"

Remove:

- Goal 4: (Housing) "all income levels"
- Goal 6: (Mobility) "all modes of mobility"
- Goal 4: (Housing) "provide" (use "allow" or "encourage" instead)

Add:

- Goal 8: (Parks) match the standards of other parks across the City
- Goal 4: (Housing) "low and moderate income"
- Goal 7: (Safety) "implement"
- Goal 7: (Safety) "ensure resources to provide physical safety and security"
- New Goal: Encourage diversity in education models
- City should purchase the former Pecan Valley Golf Course area and make it an extension of Southside Lions Park.
- Continue [Southside Lions Park] trails. Make farmer's market on trail area.
- · No Section 8 multi-family housing
- Cameras on main streets

SHARE YOUR THOUGHTS ON THE DRAFT VISION AND GOALS FOR THE SOUTHEAST COMMUNITY AREA PLAN

Edit with markers directly on this paper using:

Green for words you find really important.

Red for words you think should be removed.

Blue for words you think we need to add.

IMPORTANCE OF A SHARED VISION AND SET OF GOALS

A vision statement describes the desired state of a place in the future. With community support, an effective vision can influence decisions and inspire action to move toward that idealized future. Goals in turber describe the outcomes that will support the realization of the vision. These, in turn, are supported by more specific strategies and actions that will implement the bigger-picture vision and goals. These strategies will involve specific proposed projects, programs, popicies, and other means of active ining the community vision.

The Draft Vision and Goals for the Southeast Community Area Plan were prepared based off input from residents and community stakeholders through an online questionnaire, a community meeting, and a planning team meeting.

EMERGING VISION STATEMENT

The Southeast Community Area will be a safe, attractive, family-friendly community to live, work, interact, and play that is inviting to residents and visitors citywide. Through collaboration with neighbors and community partners, the community is engaged and social capital is strengthened. The area is convenient to get around and includes a well-connected transportation network. The area provides access to job opportunities, shopping, entertainment, public amenities and facilities, ensuring a healthy, vibrant, and economically viable community.

PLAN GOALS TO SUPPORT THIS VISION

- Goal 1: Land Use Implement land use policies that promote compatible adjacency, mixed-use opportunities, and commercial centers that provide a variety of uses.
 - 2: Community Engagement Strengthen community relationships by creating a cohesive and welcoming atmosphere that encourages engagement and interaction.
- Goal 3: Neighborhoods Protect the character and history of existing neighborhoods and homes. Goal 4: Housing - Provide diverse, high-quality housing
- options that are well-maintained, complementary to the character of existing neighborhoods, and accommodating to all income levels and stages of life.
- Goal 5: Local Economic Development Attract new, and retain existing, businesses that provide a variety of retail, dining options, entertainment, and services that support all residents and expand economic opportunities for the local workforce.

- Goal 5: Mobility and Infrastructure Improve and enhance major corridors, public infrastructure and rights-of-way, transit facilities, and greenways to accommodate all modes of mobility and provide efficient, comfortable, and properly maintained connections to jobs, neighborhoods, and citywide destinations.
- Goal 7: Safety Expand and develop strategies and partnerships to support a safer community.
 - al 8: Parks and Open Space Protect and enhance natural systems, green spaces, parks, and recreational amenities to meet the community's current and future recreational needs.
 - 199: Health and Wellness Provide local medical and fitness facilities and amenities that offer a variety of health and wellness services that are centrally-located and accessible to all residents.



Southeast Community



Draft Vision Statement

The Southeast Community Area will be a safe, attractive, family-friendly community to live, work, interact, and play that is inviting to residents and visitors citywide. Through collaboration with neighbors and community partners, the community will be engaged and social capital will be strengthened. The area will be convenient to get around and will include a well-connected transportation network. The area will provide access to job opportunities, shopping, entertainment, public amenities and facilities and ensure a healthy, vibrant, and economically viable community.

Draft Goals

Goal #1: Land Use - Implement land use policies that promote compatible adjacency, mixed-use opportunities, and commercial centers that provide a variety of uses.

Goal #2: Community Engagement - Strengthen community relationships by creating a cohesive and welcoming atmosphere that encourages engagement and interaction.

Goal #3: Neighborhoods - Protect the character and history of existing neighborhoods and homes.

Goal #4: Housing - Provide diverse, high-quality housing options that are well-maintained, complementary to the character of existing neighborhoods, and accommodating to all income levels and stages of life.

Goal #5: Local Economic Development - Attract new, and retain existing, businesses that provide a variety of retail, dining options, entertainment, and services that support all residents and expand economic opportunities for the local workforce.

Draft Goals

Goal #6: Mobility and Infrastructure - Improve and enhance major corridors, public infrastructure and rights-of-way, transit facilities, and greenways to accommodate all modes of mobility and provide efficient, comfortable, and properly maintained connections to jobs, neighborhoods, and citywide destinations.

Goal #7: Safety - Expand and develop strategies and partnerships to support a safer community.

Goal #8: Parks and Open Space - Protect and enhance natural systems, green spaces, parks, and recreational amenities to meet the community's current and future recreational needs.

Goal #9: Health and Wellness - Provide local medical and fitness facilities and amenities that offer a variety of health and wellness services that are centrally-located and accessible to all residents.





Key Definition #1

FOCUS AREAS:

Important areas of opportunity to direct future investments, support, or improvements.

Focus areas could include:

- Vacant, or underutilized parcels within a concentrated area.
- Commercial centers, strips, or malls that are consistently less than fully occupied, or surrounded by a significant amount of unused parking lots or vacant parcels.
- Former industrial sites that could be adaptively reused for some other purpose.
- Areas along transit corridors with vacant or underutilized parcels or retail spaces.
- Major intersections or nodes in need of infrastructure improvements.
- Special districts or bustling areas that may need investment or support to preserve the character or history of a community.

Focus areas examples from Midtown Regional Center Plan:

OLMOS PARK FOCUS AREAS Midtown Regional Center Area Boundary PERSHING AVE Other Mixed-Use Coridor CLAREMONT AVE 50

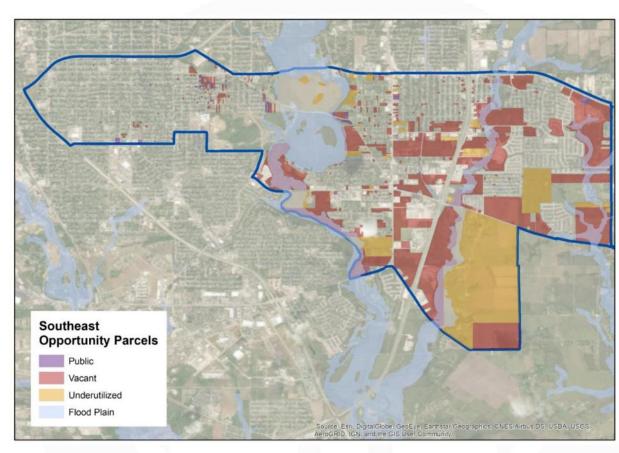
Analysis: Preliminary "Opportunity Areas"

Three types of parcels:

- Publicly-owned: Parcels owned by public or quasi-public entities that are planned for new development or have the potential to be attractive for catalyst development
- Vacant: Private parcels with no buildings
- Underutilized: Private parcels that have a combination of a low floor area ratio (FAR) and a low improvement (building) value to land value ratio (I:L ratio)
- Floodplain: 100 year floodplain

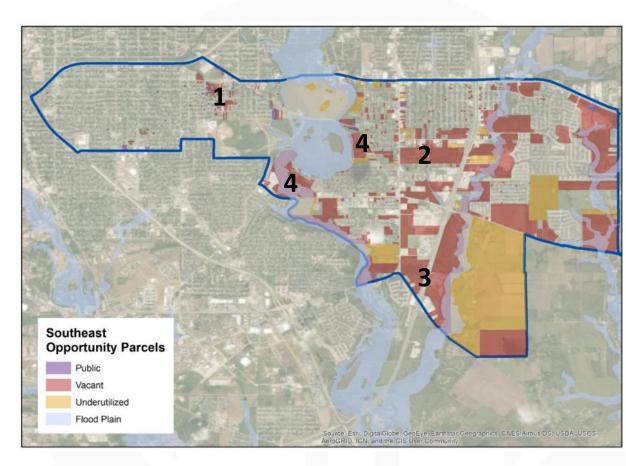
Preliminary Opportunity Areas

- Variation of conditions in the plan area
- Loop 410 Corridor presents opportunities
- Floodplain presents challenges and opportunities



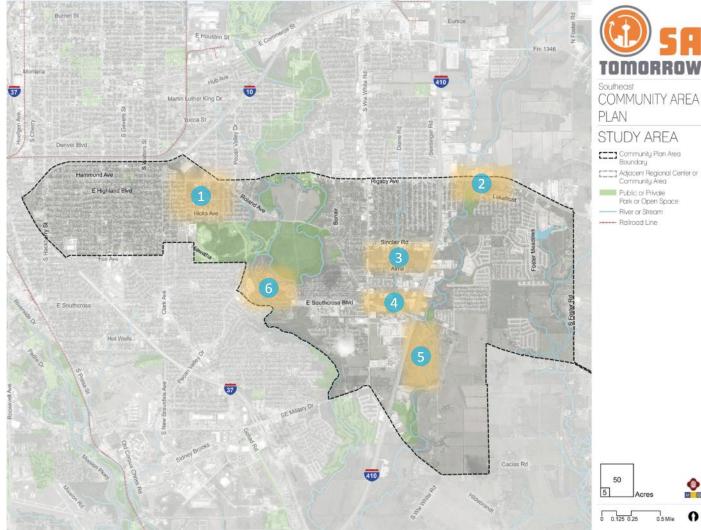
Potential Focus Areas

- 1. Rigsby and Roland
- 2. MLK Drive/Lord Road between Loop 410 and WW White Rd
- 3. WW White Rd and Loop 410
- 4. Parks and Floodplain corridor



Potential Focus Areas

- Focus Areas
- Pasadena Heights
- Lakeside/Hwy 87
- W.W. White/Alma Dr.
- Southcross/W.W. White
- Loop 410/New Sulphur Springs
- Pecan Valley Golf Course



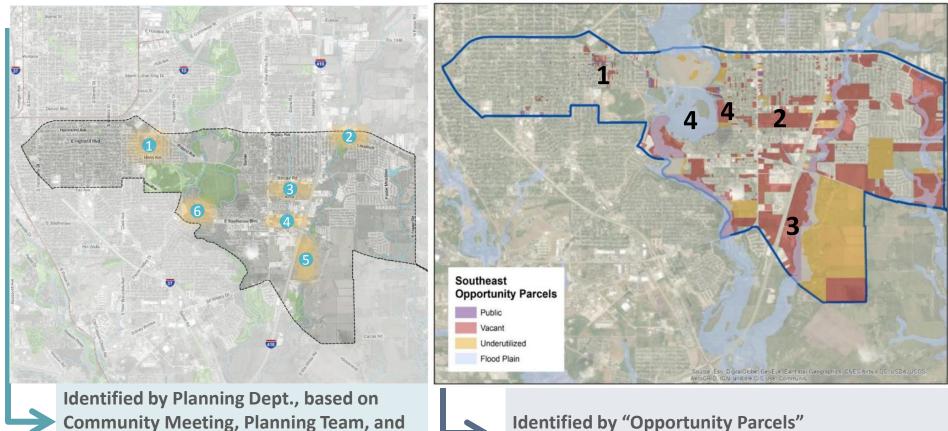






Potential Focus Areas Comparison

Survey feedback



Focus Area 1: Pasadena Heights









Focus Area 2: Lakeside/US Hwy 87











Focus Area 3:

W.W. White/Loop 410









Focus Area 4:

Southcross/W.W. White











Focus Area 5:

SE Loop 410











Focus Area 6: Pecan Valley Golf Course











Goals of this Focus Areas conversation:

Define and Confirm Corridors

- Are there any corridors we missed?
- What is the character of each corridor in 15 to 20 years?
- What type(s) of development could occur along each corridor in 15 to 20 years?
- Should any improvements be made?
- What should each corridor include in 15 to 20 years?
 - More places to live, work, shop, play, gather, etc.
- How should each corridor look like in 15 to 20 years?
 - Types of buildings, building heights, density, scale, etc.

Key Definition #2

MULTIMODAL MIXED-USE CORRIDORS:

Key roads that connect people and important places in our communities.

Corridors should:

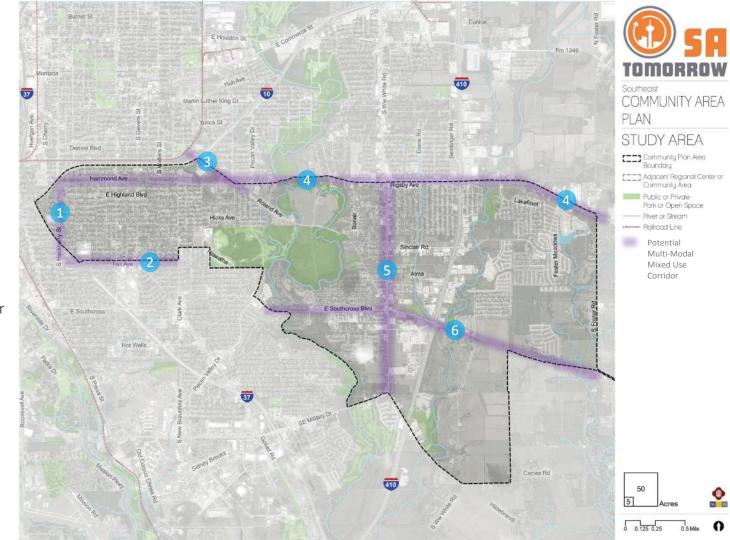
- Support multiple modes of travel, including walking, biking, transit, and cars.
- Become increasingly more mixed-use places where people can live, shop, work, play, or go to school.
- Allow higher density housing in certain areas to help more people live closer to transit service, while supporting surrounding business and service areas.

Mixed-use Corridors examples from Midtown Plan:



Potential Multi-Modal Mixed-Use Corridors

- 1 S. Hackberry St.
- Fair Avenue
- 3 Roland Avenue
- 4 Rigsby Avenue/U.S. Highway 87
- M.W. White Road
- 6 E. Southcross/New Sulphur Springs Road



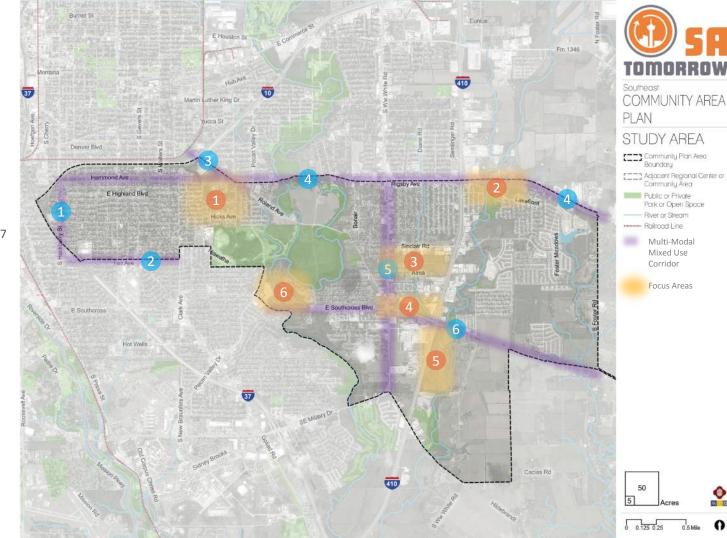
Goals of this Corridors conversation:

Define and Confirm Corridors:

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Multi-Modal Mixed-Use Corridors + Focus Areas

- 1 S. Hackberry St.
- 2 Fair Avenue
- Roland Avenue
- Rigsby Avenue/U.S. Highway 87
- W.W. White Road
- 6 E. Southcross/New Sulphur Springs Road
- 1 Pasadena Heights
- 2 Lakeside/Hwy 87
- W.W. White/Alma Dr.
- 4 Southcross/W.W. White
- 5 Loop 410/New Sulphur Springs
- 6 Pecan Valley Golf Course





Intro to Land Use



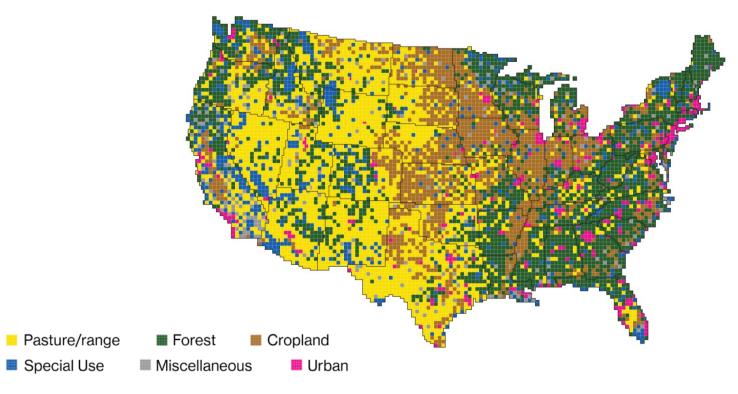


Cambridge systematics, Inc.
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size



What is Land Use?

"Land use" is a term used to describe how land is used.





Why is Land Use Important?

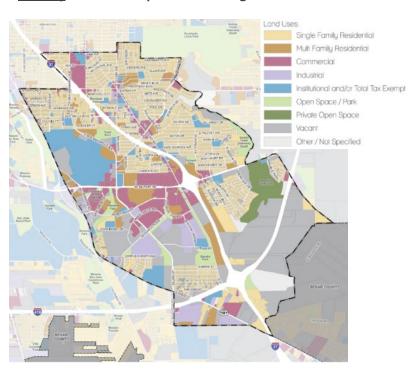
• Land use categories can describe is how land is currently used in the area, which is known as the **existing land use**.

 Land use can also be used to determine how we want land to be used in the future, which is known as future land use.

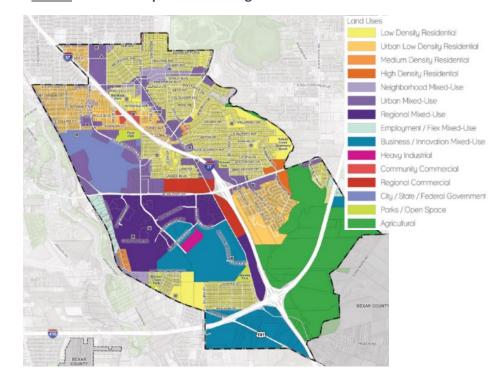


Land Use is the foundation of this plan.

Existing Land Use Map for Brooks Regional Center Plan



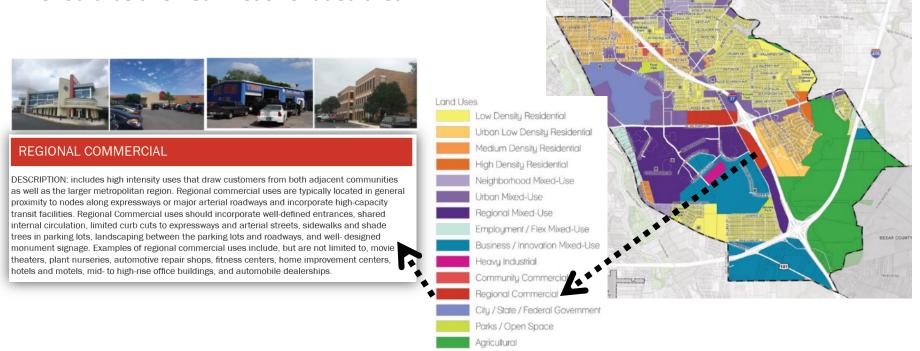
Future Land Use Map for Brooks Regional Center Plan



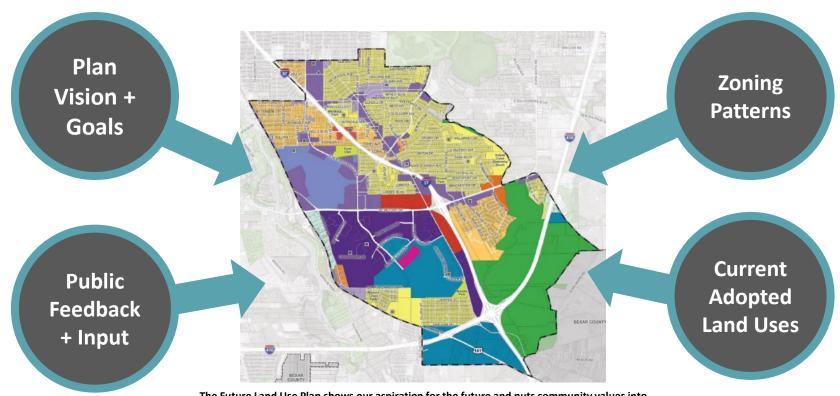


What are Land Use Descriptions?

Corresponding text to describe what types of uses should be allowed in each shaded area.

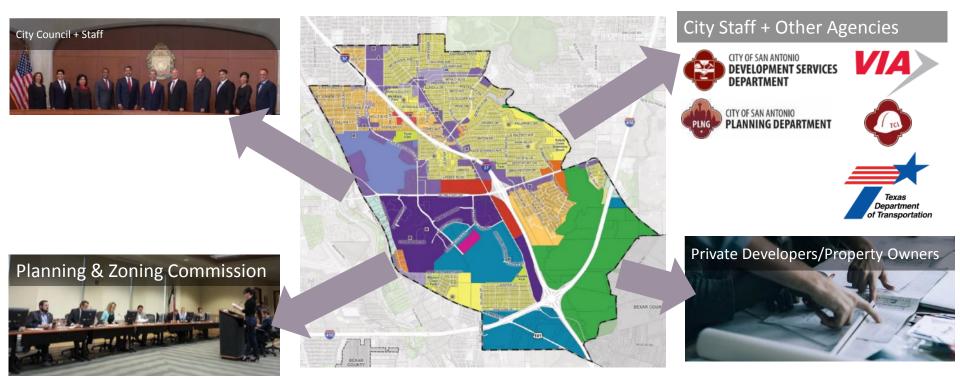


Developing a Future Land Use Plan



The Future Land Use Plan shows our aspiration for the future and puts community values into a map.

Who will use the Land Use Plan?



The Future Land Use Plan informs public and private decision-making and investments.

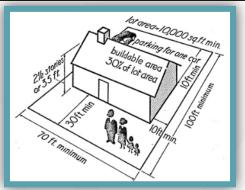
Differences Between Land Use and Zoning

	Land Use Plan (Categories)	Zoning Ordinance (Districts)	
PURPOSE		An area's zoning defines what development is allowed now, and can be changed to another zone that is permissible by the subject site's Land Use Category.	
SCALE	A Land Use Plan is a set of broad policies and principles to guide the City's decision- making regarding growth and development patterns.	Zoning consists of <i>detailed, specific</i> regulations and standards for how property owners may use and develop their land.	

Low Density Residential

Includes single-family detached houses on individual lots, including manufactured and modular homes. This form of development should not typically be located adjacent to major arterials. This land use category can include certain nonresidential uses such as schools, places of worship, and parks that are centrally located for convenient neighborhood access. Typical densities in this land use category would range from 3 to 12 dwelling units per acre.





Differences Between Land Use and Zoning

	Land Use Plan (Categories)	Zoning Ordinance (Districts)		
PURPOSE	A Land Use Plan describes a community's	An area's zoning defines what development is allowed now, and can be changed to another zone that is permissible by the subject site's Land Use Category.		
SCALE	A Land Use Plan is a set of broad policies and principles to guide the City's decision- making regarding growth and development patterns.	Zoning consists of <i>detailed, specific</i> regulations and standards for how property owners may use and develop their land.		
POWER	A Land Use Plan is a <i>document</i> that guides the physical development of a community, and is created through a public planning process. <i>Determines which zoning categories are applicable</i> .	The zoning ordinance is a <i>law</i> with penalties and consequences for not following it, and should be changed based on values and comprehensive thinking about an area as indicated in the Land Use Plan.		

Note: The Future Land Use Plan does not change Zoning automatically.

Next Planning Team Meeting Objectives:

- Understand Land Use Categories
- Discuss a <u>Draft</u> Land Use Map
 - Map created with existing land use, current zoning, and SA Corridors plan

RESIDENTIAL Residential Estate Low Density Residential Urban Low Density Residential Medium Density Residential High Density Residential

COMMERCIAL Neighborhood Commercial Community Commercial **Regional Commercial**

	INDUSTRIAL
•	Agricultural
•	Light Industrial
•	Heavy Industrial

	MIXED-USE	
•	Neighborhood	
	Mixed-Use	
•	Urban Mixed-Use	
•	Regional Mixed-Use	
•	Business and	
	Innovation Mixed-	
	Use	
•	Employment/Flex	
	Mixed-use	

Park and Open Space City/State/Federal Government







Coming up...

Planning Team Meeting #4

When: Monday, July 8, 2019 5:00 PM

Where: Schaefer Library

Topics: Future Land Use



Southeast Community Plan Planning Team

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